FM PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS, MONITORING, AND MITIGATION

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US Army Corps U.S. ARMY of Engineers®





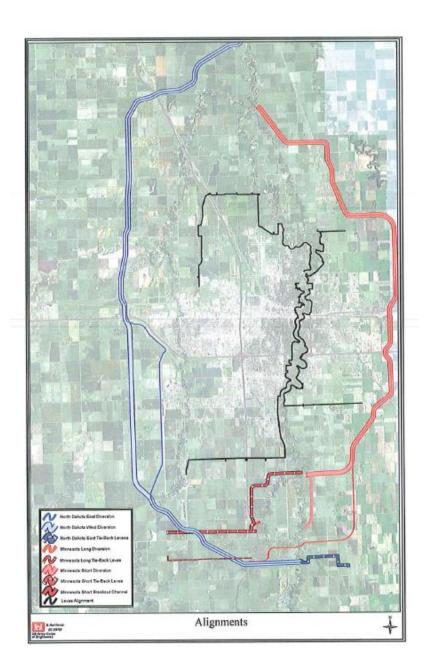






PROJECT FEASIBILITY

- Began in September of 2008
- Purpose: investigate flood issues in FM Area and identify flood risk management measures that could be implemented.
- Extensive analysis completed on 7 alternatives, including diversions in ND and in MN
- Feasibility Study was written as an integrated Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) to satisfy the requirements of NEPA.





INVENTORY AND FORECASTING

- Impacts determined using existing data
- Identified data gaps and completed additional surveys. Some of these key areas included:
 - Fisheries/Aquatic Habitat
 - Wetlands
 - Forests
 - Water Quality
 - Geomorphology
 - Cultural Resources
- Adjusted alignment to avoid and minimize impacts



Cultural Resource Investigation Areas





- Initial assessment completed with EIS in 2011
- Supplemental Environmental Assessments (SEAs) completed in 2013, 2019, and 2024
- Estimated environmental impacts:
 - Wetlands: 1444 ac
 - Forests: 149 ac
 - Aquatic Habitat: 71.5 ac
 - Aquatic Connectivity: At structures on rivers
 - Cultural Resources: Historic farmsteads
- Resources being monitored but not expected to be significantly impacted:
 - Water Quality
 - Geomorphology
 - Cultural Sites







- The Adaptive Management and Mitigation Plan (AMMP) establishes a framework and adaptive approach to monitoring impacts and mitigation
- Includes performance standards and triggers
- Monitoring results, impacts, and mitigation are reviewed every 6 months by agency teams
- The AMMP is a living document that may be modified with consensus from regulatory and management agencies



Adaptive Management and Mitigation Plan





April 2024





MITIGATION

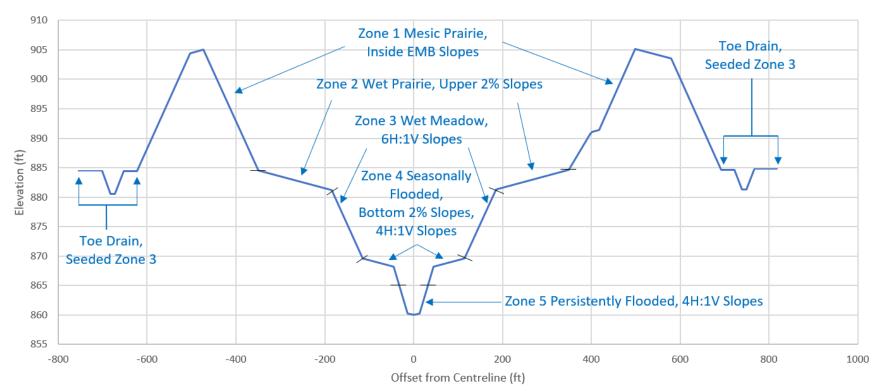
- Several impacts could not be avoided, and mitigation is required
 - Wetland Mitigation
 - 1,095 acres in the Diversion Channel
 - 320 acres at the Drain 27 Wetland Restoration Site
 - 18.8 acres Oxbow Country Club Restoration
 - 6 acres Forest River Restoration (South of Briarwood)
 - 42 wetland credits purchased in ND and MN
 - Forest Mitigation
 - 300 acres of floodplain forest planting
 - Aquatic Habitat Mitigation
 - \$8.28M funding toward the Lower Otter Tail River in MN
 - Sheyenne River improvements in FM Area
 - Aquatic Connectivity Mitigation
 - Drayton Dam
 - Cultural Resources Mitigation
 - Documentation and structure relocation



Oxbow Country Club Mitigation, Fall 2021

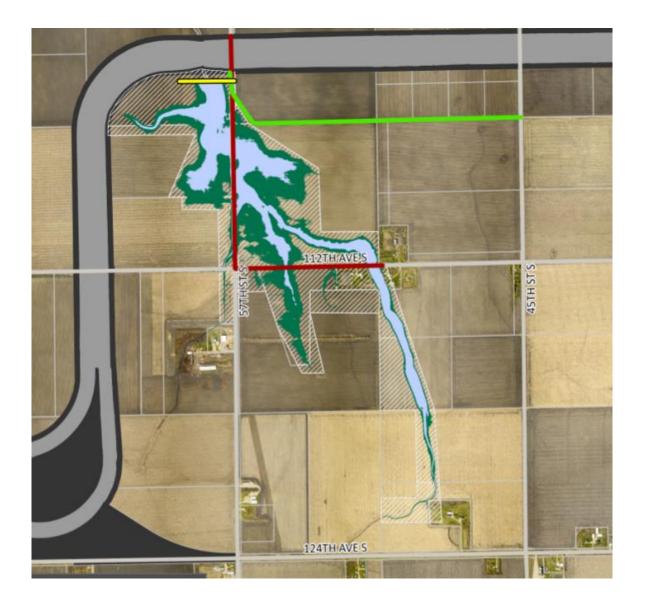


- Diversion Channel Mitigation
 - 1,095 ac required
 - Planted with native seed mixes



Channel Cross-Section - Channel Sta. 300+00









Drain 27 Wetland, Fall 2022





Summer 2024

Summer 2023



WETLAND/FOREST MITIGATION





Oxbow Country Club Mitigation Site



FOREST MITIGATION





OHB Site, Summer 2023

Ongoing Forest Mitigation Efforts



AQUATIC CONNECTIVITY MITIGATION

- Drayton Dam
 - Willow planting all that remains
 - Last major impediment to fish passage on the Red River
 - Replaced dam with arched rock rapids fishway



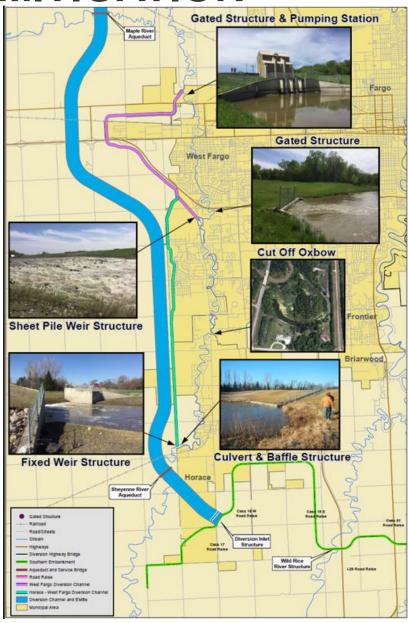




AQUATIC HABITAT MITIGATION

- Lower Otter Tail River
 - \$8.2M of funding toward restoration
 - Will be administered by BRRWD
- Sheyenne River
 - Modify/remove structures in FM Metro Area
 - Construction after the FM Project is certified and operational







MONITORING

- Project impact monitoring
 - Biotic
 - Water Quality
 - Geomorphology
 - Fish Stranding
 - Fish Passage
 - Cultural Resources
- Performance standards for mitigation
 - Wetlands
 - Forest





BIOTIC MONITORING

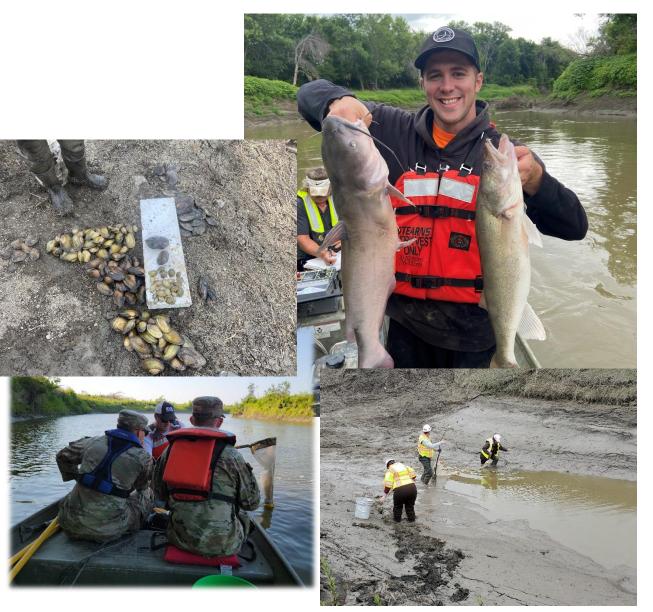
- Completed in 2011/2012 and 2017
- Sampling on the following rivers:
 - Red River
 - Wild Rice River
 - Maple
 - Sheyenne
 - Rush
 - Lower Rush
 - Wolverton Creek
 - Buffalo
- Include the following:
 - WQ
 - Aquatic Habitat Assessment
 - Macroinvertebrate Sampling
 - Electrofishing
 - IBI Calculation





OTHER BIOTIC MONITORING

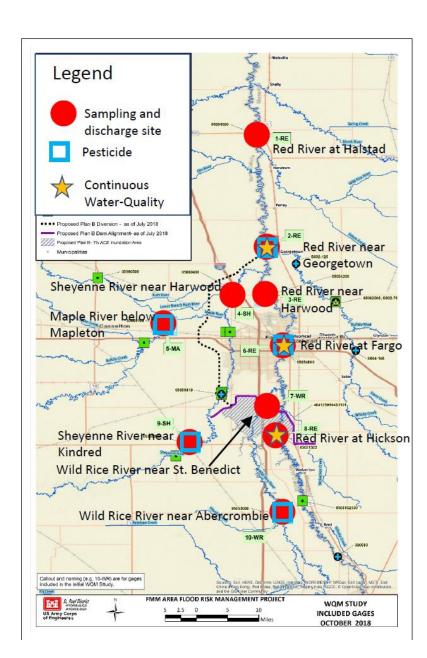
- Recon in the Sheyenne River Diversion in 2022.
- Sampling at 5 locations on the Sheyenne in July 2023.
- Fish salvage/mussel relocation
 - Wild Rice River in 2023
 - 90 fish (6 species) and 154 mussels (9 species)
 - First time fragile papershell found in Red River Basin
 - Hoping to have similar efforts at the Red River Structure, Sheyenne and Maple Aqueducts





WATER QUALITY

- USGS was contracted to conduct additional monitoring to establish a baseline to compare against post-project conditions.
- 3 phases
 - pre-construction (2019-2022)
 - Construction (2022-2027)
 - Post-construction
- 10 monitoring stations
- Routine sampling and flood sampling
- Constituents analyzed
 - Total dissolved solids
 - Major ions
 - Trace elements
 - Nutrients
 - E. Coli
 - Suspended sediment
 - Pesticides





GEOMORPHOLOGY

- Evaluating how the river shape and location changes over time.
- Field work completed in 2011, 2018, and 2020
- Analysis includes:
 - Cross-sections
 - Thalweg profile
 - Soil samples
 - Aerial photo interpretation

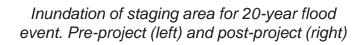


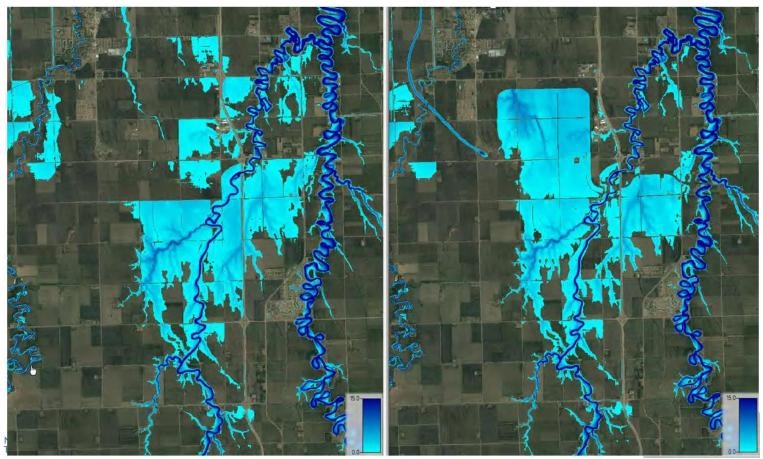


FISH STRANDING

- How will the project impact fish stranding?
- Fish stranding in the staging area
- Fish stranding in the Diversion Channel



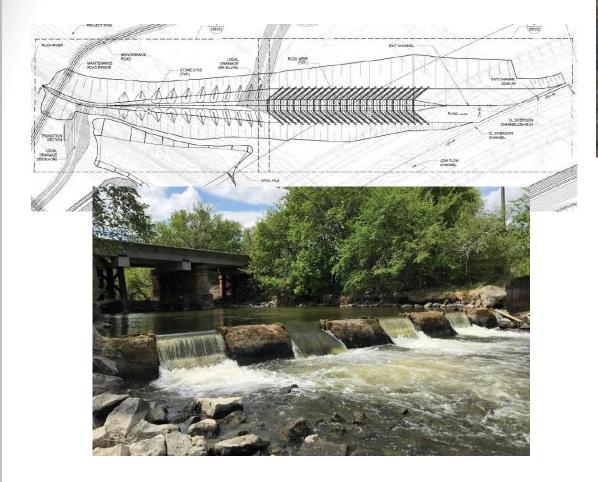




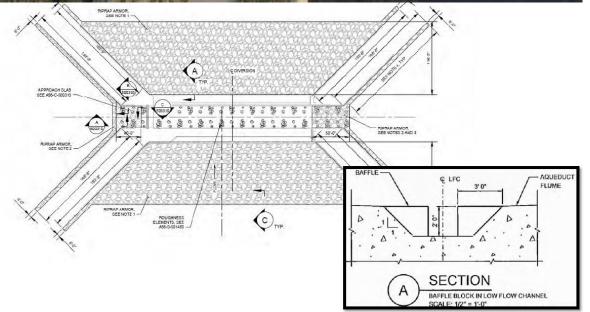


FISH PASSAGE

- How well is the fish passage working?
- Ongoing discussions with agency team on best approach to monitor passage









Contact Info

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