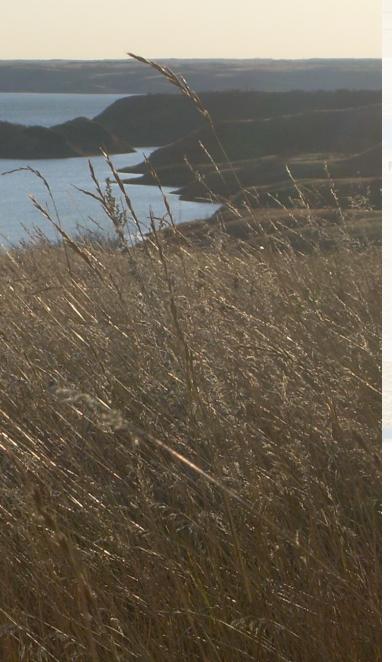
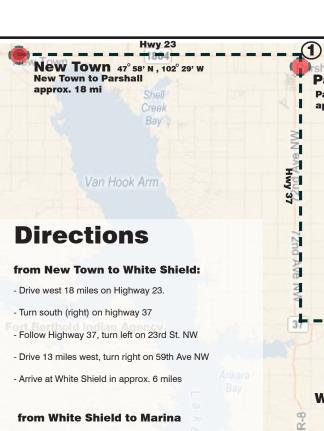
white shield

FORT BERTHOLD, ND

cultivate a connection. . . with Arikara culture





- Drive 1 mile south, turn east (right) on 16th St. NW
- Turn south (left) on 68th Ave NW
- Drive 3 miles, turn right on 13th St. NW
- Drive approx. 2 miles, follow signs to Arikara Marina

23 39th St N Parshall 47°57' N , 102° 8' W **Parshall to White Shield** approx. 33 mi 23rd St NW Ave NW White Shield 47°39' N , 101° 50' W White Shield to Marina CR-8 approx. 15 mi 16th St NW STNV Scout Camp **B**Nishu Point



Paul Broste Rock Museum
View numerous unique rocks within a collection that
is so rare that it has been pursued by the Smithsonian



Arikara Heritage Center
Visit the Heritage Center to learn about Arikara culture and view rare artifacts.



Scout Cemetery
This cemetery is home to Native American veterans including individuals who fought along side General Custer in the Battle of Little Big Horn



Canoe Area
Have lunch and enjoy a canoe or kayak ride along scenic Lake Sakakawea.

Suggested Itinerary

8:00am: Depart New Town, travel to Parshall 18 mi.

Twin Buttes

8:30am: Arrive at Paul Broste Rock Museum **9:00am:** Depart Paul Broste Rock Museum

10:00am: Arrive at the Arikara Heritage Center **10:30am:** Depart Arikara Heritage Center

10:45am: Arrive at the Scout Cemetery **11:00am:** Depart Scout Cemetery

A K

11:30am: Arrive at the Canoe Area

Lunch (Provided)

12:30pm: Depart Canoe Area for Scout Camp or Nishu Point

Alnfo

Scout Camp Information on reverse side.



1:15pm: Arrive at chosen destination:

5:00pm: Depart chosen destination: Scout Camp or Nishu Point



Arikara Scout Camp



The Arikara Scout Camp is a guided hiking trail through the rugged Lake Sakakawea shoreline. Scouts travel the 2 mile trail to base camp where they learn scout inspired outdoor skills, hear traditional Arikara stories, and learn about Arikara culture.

B Nishu Point



Nishu Point is home to breathtaking views. Visitors embark on horseback or hike to the top Nishu Point. Along the journey, you'll get to harvest some of North Dakota's finest wild berries. Once at Nishu Point, you will experience the serene natural landscape overlooking historic Arikara villages. From there you explore the shorline of Nishu Bay The trip to Nishu point is an overnight adventure. During the evening, you'll learn how to prepare Bison over an open fire, learn about the importance of the peace pipe, and sleep in a hand constructed teepee.





additional information MARINA White Shield, ND

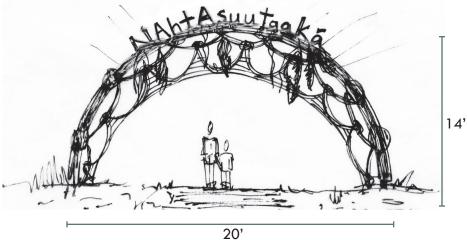




View of White Shield Marina before water-front cabin development.



The marina is located approimately 1 mile east of the Arikara Scout Camp. The marina will include a dock and boatlanding with fueling service. Just off the dock are buildings for food service or retail. Two bluffs on each side of the marina's dock are developed with hilltop cabins. These cabins have an unobstructed view of beautiful Lake Sakakawea. A horse corral is situated inland from the water. This would be the beginning of trail rides to the scout camp or meditation point.



This wooden gate marks the entry point into the marina. The word NAhtAsuutaaka is native for White Shield in Arikara.

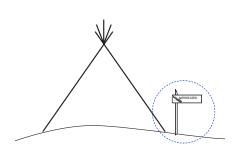
additional information Nishu Point White Shield, ND

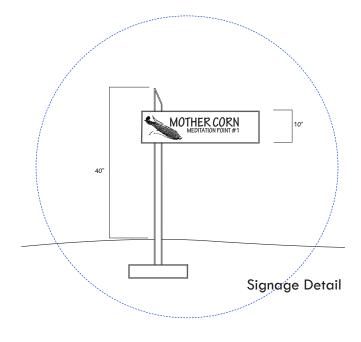


Nishu point can be reached by horseback from the White Shield marina. Marvel in the beauty of the natural landscape while picking berries or hiking to the meditation point to clear your mind.





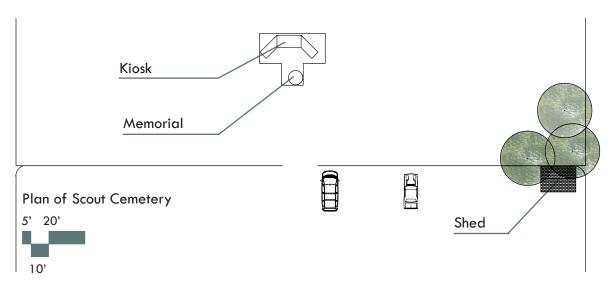




additional information Scout Cemetery White Shield, ND



Buried in the Scout Cemetery are veterans dating back to the Battle of Little Big Horn. Wander through the rows of tombstones to find the gravestie of the famous Arikara "Bloody Knife."





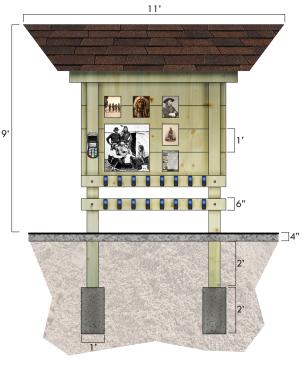


The Story of Bloody Knife

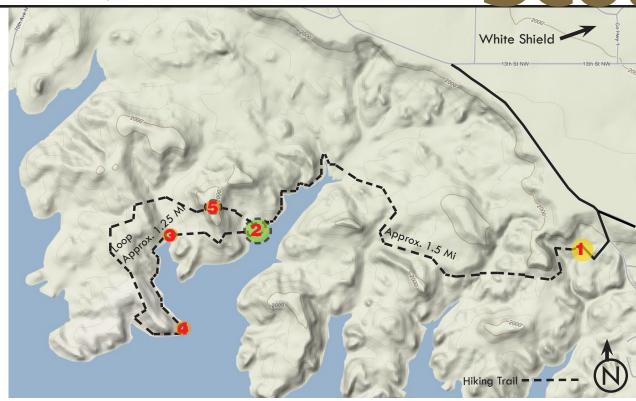
Bloody Knife was born in 1840 to a Hunkpapa Sioux father and a Ree mother. He spent his first 16 years with his father, but was frequently taunted, beaten and abused for being a "half-breed." At age 16, he left the Sioux camp with his mother, but returned in 1860 to visit his father. Bloody Knife was still despised by the Sioux, and was almost killed during his visit. Chief Gall, a leader of the Hunkpapa and participant in the Battle of the Little Big Horn, killed Bloody Knife's two brothers in 1862. In 1868, Bloody Knife enlisted as a scout in the U.S. Army and was assigned to the 7th Cavalry. He quickly became George Armstrong Custer's favorite scout. Custer never got angry with Bloody Knife and often gave gifts to him. Bloody Knife was with Custer during the Little Bighorn campaign in 1876 and repeatedly told Custer there were too many Indians to fight, a warning Custer ignored. Bloody Knife, in turn, ignored Custer's plea for him to stay out of the battle. By some accounts, before the battle began, Bloody Knife signaled to the sun with his hands, "I shall not see you go down behind the hills tonight."

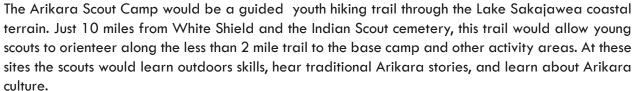
Bloody Knife was assigned to Major Marcus Reno at the Battle of the Little Bighorn on June 25, 1876. After Reno and his men retreated into the timber near the river during an early part of the confrontation, Bloody Knife was killed by a gun shot to the head.

Informational Kiosk Detail



additional information Scout Camp





- 1 From base camp to backcountry camp Hike to base camp learn about native plants and animals and how they were used by the native Americans
- 2 Set up backcountry camp Learn about tepees and earth lodges
- 3 Hear story of antelope carrier

 Learn about bow and arrow making and flint knapping then shoot archery.
- 4 Hear story of the lost ear of corn
 Learn how native Americans cultivated corn
 Learn how they used it
 How it was stored
 How it was traded and impacts in Europe
- 5 Hear the "magic windpipe" story in central tepee Cook buffalo over the fire Burn sweetgrass Tell stories





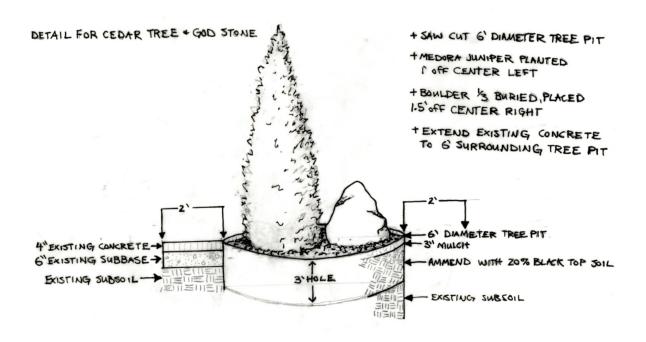


additional information Heritage Center



The Arikara Heritage Center is located on the north edge of White Shield. The cultural center is a museum and meeting place for the Arikara tribe. The museum contains artifacts of the past as well as art and craftwork of the present. Outside the heritage center, a cedar tree and God stone will placed at the entrance to the building. The cedar tree and God stone represent a part of the Arikara creation myth.







An amphitheatre is located near lake Sakakawea. Here, visiotrs can listen and watch Arikara dances and storytelling first-hand.