## Test 1 - Calculus II (Spring 2015)

INSTRUCTIONS: Complete each of the following problems in your Bluebook. Each problem is worth a maximum of 10 points. Points will be awarded for both completeness and clarity of solutions. Partial credit will be awarded for partial solutions. Please recall that cell phones and graphing calculators are not allowed on this exam.

1. Compute 
$$\int \frac{12}{x^3 + 2x^2 - 3x} dx$$
.

2. Compute  $\int \sin^3 x \cos^2 x dx$ .

3. Compute 
$$\int_0^{5\sqrt{2}/2} \frac{25}{(25-x^2)^{3/2}} dx.$$

- 4. Use integration by parts to show that  $\int x^2 \sin x = -x^2 \cos x + 2x \sin x + 2 \cos x + C$ .
- 5. Find a value for the constant K which guarantees that  $\int_0^\infty \frac{K}{(x+4)^3} dx = 1.$
- 6. Compute  $\int_{-3}^{3} \frac{1}{x^4} dx$ , or show that the integral diverges.

**BONUS.** (+8 points) Use integration by parts to derive the reduction formula for sine:

$$\int \sin^n x dx = -\frac{1}{n} \sin^{n-1} x \cos x + \frac{n-1}{n} \int \sin^{n-2} x dx,$$

where n may be any integer greater than or equal to 2.

(*Hints:* Set  $u = \sin^{n-1} x$ . Remember the relationship between  $\sin^2 x$  and  $\cos^2 x$ .)