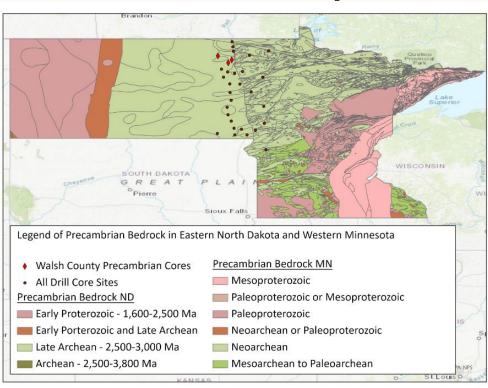


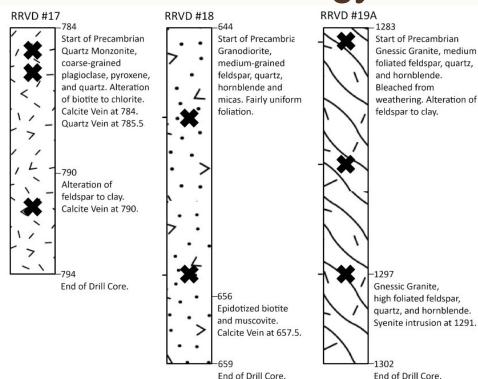
Basemap of Core Sites



- In 1977, 32 drill cores were taken to see Uranium Potential
- Studying cores #17, #18, and #19A
 - Precambrian & in Walsh County

Figure 1: Location map of Eastern North Dakota and Western Minnesota. Era of Precambrian Bedrock is outlined. Red River Valley Drill Cores are outlined.

Lithology of Core



 Insights from Moore Report and Optical Observations

Figure 2: Stratigraphic column of RRVD drill core Precambrian layers. Black Xs indicate sample locations. Numbers to the left correspond to the XRF analysis in Table 1. Data taken from Moore (1979) and optical observations.

Drill Core Photos #17







#17 - 784.5

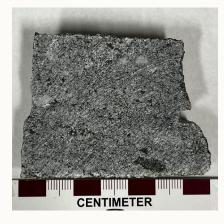
#17 - 785



Drill Core Photos #18



#18 - 648.5



#18 - 655.5

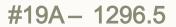
Drill Core Photos #19A



#19A - 1291

#19A- 1284.5





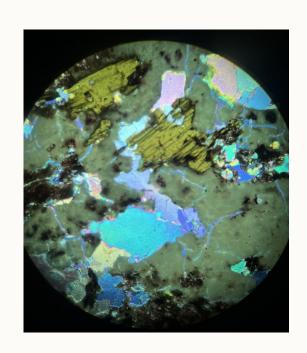


Methods

- Optical Observations
 - Hand sample analysis
 - Creating thin sections
- X-Ray Diffraction (XRD)
 - X-Rays transmits the sample
 - Measures 2 theta as the angle from the detector changes
 - Measures intensity at various 2 thetas
- X-Ray Fluorescence (XRF)
 - X-Rays transmits the sample and excites atoms
 - Measures energy transfer from dislodged atom

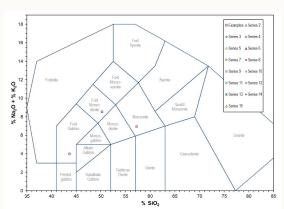
RRVD#17 Optical Observations

- RRVD #1-7785
- RRVD #1-7784.5
 - Biotite
 - Quartz
- RRVD #1-7791

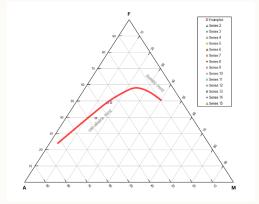




- Prominent Minerals:
 - RRVD #17785 Quartz, Calcite, Kaolinite, Anorthite,
 & Muscovite
 - RRVD #1-7784.5 Calcite, Quartz, Kaolinite, & Periclase
 - RRVD #1-7791 Quartz, Sanidine, & Calcite







samples from RRVD#17.

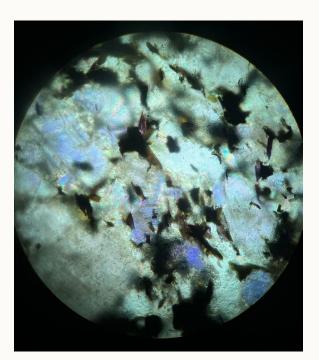
wt%	1	2	3
SiO ₂	59.1	43.6	50.1
TiO ₂	0.58	1.1	0.452
Al_2O_3	23.6	20.7	13
Fe ₂ O ₃	6.77	6.32	12.8
MnO	0.07	0.166	0.146
MgO	2.25	1.97	3.64
CaO	3.44	21.9	10.9
Na ₂ O	5.32	N.D.	N.D.
K ₂ O	1.84	3.97	8.51
P ₂ O ₅	0.20	0.133	0.108
Total	103.1	99.85	99.66

Table 1: 1: RRVD #17785, 2:RRVD #17784.5 3:RRVD #17791

Chemical data from NDSU XRF analysis.

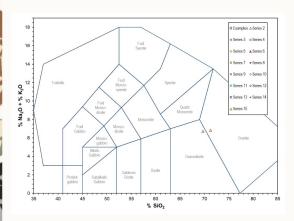
RRVD#18 Optical Observations

- RRVD #18645.5
 - Quartz
- RRVD #18655.5

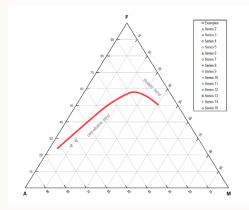




- Prominent Minerals:
 - RRVD #18645.5 Quartz, Albite, Anorthoclase, Biotite, & Microcline
 - RRVD #18655.5 Quartz, Albite, & Anorthoclase







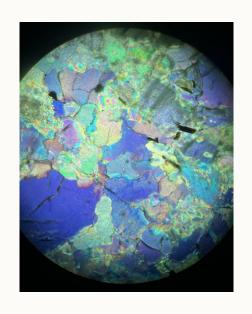
samples from RRVD#18.

wt%	4	5
SiO ₂	69.2	71
TiO ₂	0.39	0.32
Al ₂ O ₃	14.7	13.8
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.55	3.06
MnO	0.05	0.04
MgO	1.19	1.04
CaO	3.83	3.44
Na ₂ O	5.23	5.51
K ₂ O	1.46	1.32
P ₂ O ₅	0.15	0.13
Total	99.75	99.66

Table 2: 4: RRVD #18645.5, 5: RRVD #18-655.5 Chemical data from NDSU XRF analysis.

RRVD#19A Optical Observations

- RRVD #19A284.5
- RRVD #19A291
- RRVD #19A296.5





- Prominent Minerals:
 - RRVD #19A284.5 Microcline, Kaolinite, Quartz
 - RRVD #19A291 Quartz, Anorthite, Albite, Augite
 - RRVD #19A296.5 Anorthite, Microcline, Augite

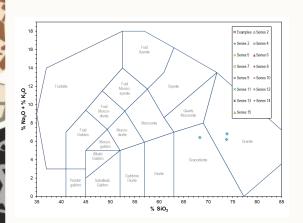
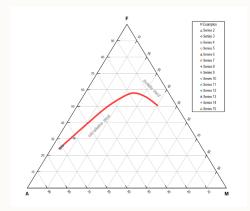


Figure 3: Classification diagrams for



samples from	RRVD#19A.
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wt%	6	7	8
SiO ₂	68.2	73.5	73.6
TiO ₂	0.31	0.21	0.22
Al_2O_3	20.4	13.5	13.1
Fe ₂ O ₃	3.53	2.54	2.57
MnO	0.03	0.03	0.03
MgO	0.87	0.44	0.44
CaO	N.D.	3.12	2.8
Na ₂ O	N.D.	4.82	4.32
K ₂ O	6.4	1.36	2.47
P_2O_5	0.07	0.09	0.07
Total	99.81	99.61	99.62

Table 1: 6: RRVD #19A1284.5, 7: RRVD #19A 1291, 8: RRVD #19A1296.5. Chemical data from NDSU XRF analysis.



- The Superior Province (Archean)
 - Covers parts of Canada, MN, WI, and MI
- Drill cores fall in the Western Superior Province
- Western Wabigoon
 - Volcanic rocks, tonalite plutons, and metasedimentary rocks.
 - Minnesota River Valley terranes
 - Plutonic (mostly) granitic rocks.

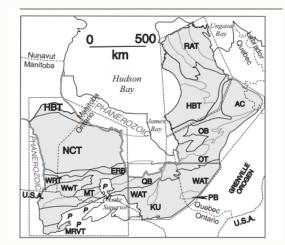


Figure 4. Subprovinces and broad structural trends of the Superior Province, (Percival et al., 2012)

Relation to Superior Province Follow closely RRVD #18 and RRVD #19A Collisions with neighboring terranes • Possible cause for metamorphic deformation or upheaval to the surface

No concrete answers, but give us an idea of processes and

relations to know terranes.



Thanks!

Thank You to Dr. Bernhardt Saini - Eidukat and Cristian Pereira for your help and assistance!

Any Questions?