

MATH 720, Algebra I
Exercises 9
Due Wed 12 Nov

Throughout this homework set, let R be a non-zero commutative ring with identity.

Exercise 1. Let M be an R -module, and fix a subset $S \subseteq \text{Hom}_R(M, M)$. Set

$$M^S := \{m \in M \mid f(m) = m \text{ for all } f \in S\}.$$

Prove that M^S is a submodule of M .

Exercise 2. Let I be an ideal of R .

- (a) Prove that if I is free as an R -module, then I is principal. (Hint: Let $X \subseteq R$ such that $|X| \geq 2$. Prove that X is not linearly independent over R .)
- (b) Prove that every principal ideal of R is free if and only if R is an integral domain. (In other words, the converse to part (a) holds if and only if R is an integral domain.)
- (c) Let k be a field and consider the polynomial ring $R = k[X, Y]$. Prove that the ideal $\langle X, Y \rangle \subseteq R$ is not free as an R -module. Is this ideal free over k ? (Justify your answer.)

Exercise 3. Let M and N be R -modules.

- (a) For all $f, g \in \text{Hom}_R(M, N)$ define $f + g: M \rightarrow N$ by the formula $(f + g)(m) := f(m) + g(m)$. For all $r \in R$ and all $f \in \text{Hom}_R(M, N)$ define $rf: M \rightarrow N$ by the formula $(rf)(m) := f(rm) = rf(m)$. Prove that this definition makes $\text{Hom}_R(M, N)$ into an R -module.
- (b) (Bonus) For $n \in \mathbb{N}$, show that the map $\Phi: \text{Hom}_R(R^n, N) \rightarrow N^n$ given by $\Phi(f) = (f(e_1), \dots, f(e_n))$ is an R -module isomorphism.