

# Problem Set 13

## Due: Wednesday, November 28

Work all of the following problems. A subset of the problems will be graded. Be sure to adhere to the expectations outlined in the *General Problem Set Guidelines Sheet*.

Unless otherwise stated, all problems can be found in the appropriate *Exercises* sections of the text (*Abstract Algebra* by D. Dummit and R. Foote, 3rd Edition).

- Section 14.2 # 3, 4, 7, 12, 13
- Let  $K$  be the splitting field of  $f(x) = x^4 - x^2 + 1$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Find the Galois group of  $K$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Express every element of  $\text{Gal}(K/\mathbb{Q})$  as a permutation of the roots of  $f(x)$ .
- Let  $K$  be a finite extension of  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Let  $f(x) \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$ .
  - (a) Suppose  $[K : \mathbb{Q}] = 5$ . Assume that all roots of  $f(x)$  are in  $K$ , but not all of the roots are in  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Prove that  $K$  is the splitting field of  $f(x)$ .
  - (b) Give an explicit example to show that part (a) is false if  $[K : \mathbb{Q}] = 4$ .
  - (c) Suppose  $K$  is a Galois extension of even degree greater than or equal to 4 over  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Assume that  $f(x)$  is a separable and reducible polynomial of degree 4 such that all roots of  $f(x)$  are in  $K$ , but none of them are in  $\mathbb{Q}$ . Prove that the Galois group of  $K$  over  $\mathbb{Q}$  is not simple.

*Note:* For Section 14.2 # 7, you may use the work presented in the Example on pages 577 – 581 of the textbook.