Problem Set 7 Due: 3:00 p.m. on Thursday, October 15

Instructions: Carefully read Sections 9.3, 9.4, and 9.5 of the textbook. Work all of the following problems. A subset of the problems will be graded. Be sure to adhere to the expectations outlined on the sheet *Guidelines for Problem Sets*. Submit your solutions in-class or to Dr. Cooper's mailbox in the Department of Mathematics.

Exercises:

- 1. (Dummit and Foote §9.3 #1) Let R be an integral domain with quotient field F and let p(x) be a monic polynomial in R[x]. Assume that p(x) = a(x)b(x) where a(x) and b(x) are monic polynomials in F[x] of smaller degree than p(x). Prove that if $a(x) \notin R[x]$ then R is not a Unique Factorization Domain. Deduce that $\mathbb{Z}[2\sqrt{2}]$ is not a U.F.D.
- 2. (Dummit and Foote §9.4 #7) Prove that $\mathbb{R}[x]/(x^2+1)$ is a field which is isomorphic to the complex numbers.
- 3. (Dummit and Foote §9.5 #1) Let F be a field and let f(x) be a non-constant polynomial in F[x]. Describe the nilradical of F[x]/(f(x)) in terms of the factorization of f(x).
- 4. Prove that the rings $\mathbb{Q}[x, y]/(y^2 x^3)$ and $\mathbb{Q}[t^2, t^3]$ (where x, y and t are indeterminates) are isomorphic. (*Hint:* Consider the ring homomorphism $\phi : \mathbb{Q}[x, y] \to \mathbb{Q}[t^2, t^3]$ mapping f(x, y) to $f(t^2, t^3)$ and use the Division Algorithm to determine the kernel of ϕ .)